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What hidden strength,
 Unless the strength of heav'n, if you mean that. *Milton.*
 For sure I am, unless I win in arms.
 To stand excluded from Emilia's charms;
 Nor can my strength avail, unless by thee,
 Endu'd with force, I gain the victory. *Dryden.*
 The commendation of adversaries is the greatest triumph
 of a writer, because it never comes unless extorted. *Dryden.*
 No poet ever sweetly sung,
 Unless he were, like Phœbus, young;
 Nor ever nymph inspir'd to rhyme,
 Unless, like Venus, in her prime. *Swift.*
 UNLESSONED. *adj.* Not taught.
 The full sum of me
 Is an unlesse'd girl, unschool'd, unpractis'd;
 Happy in this, she is not yet so old
 But she may learn. *Shakespeare.*
 UNLEARNED. *adj.* Unlearned; untaught.
 When the apostles of our Lord were ordained to alter the
 laws of heathenish religion, St. Paul excepted, the rest were
 unlearned and unlettered men. *Hooker, b. iv.*
 Such as the jocund flute, or gamefome pipe
 Stirs up among the loose, unletter'd hinds,
 Who thank the gods amidst. *Milton.*
 Th' unletter'd christian, who believes in gross,
 Plods on to heav'n, and ne'er is at a loss. *Dryden.*
 UNLEVELED. *adj.* Not cut even.
 All unlevell'd the gay garden lies. *Tickell.*
 UNLIDING. *adj.* Not lufful.
 In those hearts
 Love unlidings reign'd; nor jealousy
 Was understood, the injur'd lover's hell. *Milton.*
 UNLISHED. *adj.* Having no regular permission.
 Ask what boldness brought him hither
 Unlished. *Milton's Par. Lost, b. iv.*
 Warn the thoughtless, self-confiding train,
 No more, unless it, thus to brave the main. *Pope.*
 UNLISHED. *adj.* Shapeless; not formed: from the opinion that
 the bear lacks her young to shape.
 Shape my legs of an unequal size,
 To disproportion me in every part,
 Like to a chaos, or unlick'd bear-whelp. *Shakespeare.*
 Those unlick'd bear-whelps. *Dante.*
 The bloody bear, an independent beast,
 Unlick'd to form, in groans her hate express'd. *Dryden.*
 UNLIGHTED. *adj.* Not kindled; not set on fire.
 There lay a log unlighted on the earth:
 For th' unborn chief the fatal flitters came,
 And rais'd it up, and tois'd it on the flame. *Dryden.*
 The sacred wood, which on the altar lay,
 Untouch'd, unlighted glows. *Prior.*
 UNLIGHTSOME. *adj.* Dark; gloomy; wanting light.
 First the sun,
 Though of æthereal mould. *Milton's Par. Lost.*
 UNLIKE. *adj.*
 1. Dissimilar; having no resemblance.
 Where cases are so unlike as theirs and ours, I see not how
 that which they did, should induce, much less enforce us to
 the same practice. *Hooker, b. v.*
 So the twins humours, in our Terence, are
 Unlike; this harsh and rude, that smooth and fair. *Denham.*
 Unlike the niceness of our modern dames;
 Affected nymphs, with new affected names. *Dryden.*
 Our ideas, whilst we are awake, succeed one another, not
 much unlike the images in the inside of a lantern. *Locke.*
 Some the disgrac'd, and some with honours crown'd;
 Unlike successes equal merits found. *Pope.*
 2. Unlikely; unlikely; not likely.
 Make not impossible that which but seems unlikely. *Shakespeare.*
 What befel the empire of Almaine were not unlike
 to befall to Spain, if it should break. *Bacon.*
 UNLIKELIHOOD. } [from unlikely.] Improbability.
 UNLIKELINESS. }
 The work was carried on, amidst all the unlikelyhoods and
 discouraging circumstances imaginable; the builders holding
 the sword in one hand, to defend the trowel working with
 the other. *South's Sermons.*
 There are degrees herein, from the very neighbourhood of
 demonstration, quite down to improbability and unlikeliness,
 even to the confines of impossibility. *Locke.*
 UNLIKELY. *adj.*
 1. Improbable; not such as can be reasonably expected.
 Suspicion Mopha; for a very unlikely envy the hath stum-
 bled upon. *Sidney.*
 2. Not promising any particular event.
 My advice and actions both have met
 Success in things unlikely. *Denham's Sophy.*
 This collection we thought not only unlikely to reach the
 future, but unworthy of the present age. *Swift.*
 Effects are miraculous and strange, when they grow by un-
 likely means. *Hooker.*

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UNLIKELY. *adv.* Improbably.
 The pleasures we are to enjoy in that conversation, not
 unlikely may proceed from the discoveries each shall communi-
 cate to another, of God and nature. *Pope.*
 UNLIKELINESS. *n. f.* Diffimilitude; want of resemblance.
 Imitation pleases, because it affords matter for enquiring
 into the truth or fallhood of imitation, by comparing its like-
 ness, or unlikeliness with the original. *Dryden.*
 UNLIMITABLE. *adj.* Admitting no bounds.
 He tells us 'tis unlimited and unlimited. *Locke.*
 UNLIMITED. *adj.*
 1. Having no bounds; having no limits.
 So unlimited is our impotence to recompence or repay
 God's dilection, that it fetters our very wishes.
 It is some pleasure to a finite understanding, to view un-
 limited excellencies, which have no bounds, though it cannot
 comprehend them. *Tillotson.*
 2. Undefined; not bounded by proper exceptions.
 With gross and popular capacities, nothing doth more pre-
 vail than unlimited generalities, because of their plainness at
 the first sight; nothing less, with men of exact judgment,
 because such rules are not safe to be trusted over far. *Hooker.*
 3. Unconfined; not restrained.
 All the evils that can proceed from an untied tongue, and
 an ungovern'd, unlimited will, we put upon the accounts of
 drunkenness. *Taylor.*
 Ascribe not unto God such an unlimited exercise of mercy,
 as may destroy his justice. *Roger's Sermon.*
 Husbands are counselled not to trust too much to their
 wives owning the doctrine of unlimited conjugal fidelity. *At.*
 UNLIMITEDLY. *adv.* Boundlessly; without bounds.
 Many ascribe too unlimitedly to the force of a good mean-
 ing, to think that it is able to bear the stress of whatever
 commissions they shall lay upon it. *Decay of Piety.*
 UNLIT. *adj.* Not coming in the order of succession.
 They put a barren scepter in my gripe,
 Thence to be wrench'd with an unlit hand,
 No fon of mine succeeding. *Shakespeare, Macbeth.*
 To UNLIT. *v. a.* To untwist; to open.
 About his neck
 A green and gilded snake had wreath'd itself;
 Who with her head, nimble in threats, approach'd
 The opening of his mouth; but suddenly
 Seeing Orlando, it unlit itself. *Shakespeare.*
 UNLIT. *adj.* Unmelted; undissolved.
 These huge, unwieldy lumps remained in the melted mat-
 ter, rigid and unlit, floating in it like cakes of ice
 in a river. *Addison's Remarks on Italy.*
 To UNLOAD. *v. a.*
 1. To disburden; to exonerate.
 Like an ass, whose back with ingots bows,
 Thou bear'st thy heavy riches but a journey,
 And death unloads thee. *Shakespeare, As You Like It.*
 Vain man forbear, of cares unload thy mind;
 Forget thy hopes, and give thy fears to wind. *Cicero.*
 Some to unload the fertile branches ruin. *Pope.*
 2. To put off any thing burdensome.
 To you duke Humphry must unload his grief. *Shakespeare.*
 Nor can my tongue unload my heart's great burthen. *Shakespeare.*
 To UNLOCK. *v. a.*
 1. To open what is shut with a lock.
 I have seen her unlock her closet, take forth paper, *Shakespeare.*
 She springs a light,
 Unlocks the door, and ent'ring out of breath,
 The dying saw, and instruments of death. *Dryden.*
 2. To open in general.
 My purse, my person, my extremest means,
 Lie all unlock'd to your occasions. *Shakespeare, Merchant of Venice.*
 I had not thought to have unlock'd my lips
 In this unhallow'd air, but that this jugler
 Would think to charm my judgment, as mine eyes,
 Obtruding false rules, pranc'd in reason's garb. *Milton.*
 I yielded, and unlock'd her all my heart,
 Who with a grain of manhood well resolv'd,
 Might easily have shook off all her snares. *Milton.*
 Sand is an advantage to cold clays, in that it warms them,
 and unlocks their binding qualities. *Mortimer's Husbandry.*
 A lividum of quick-lime unlocks the salts that are entangled
 in the viscid juices of some scabrous persons.
 Thy forests, Windsor! and thy green retreats
 Invite my lays. Be present, sylvan maids!
 Unlock your springs, and open all your shades. *Pope.*
 UNLOCKED. *adj.* Not fastened with a lock.
 UNLOCKED. *adj.* Unexpected; not foreseen.
 UNLOCKED. *adj.* Unexpected; not foreseen.
 Yet perhaps had their number prevailed, if the king of
 Pontus had not come unlock'd for to their succour. *Sidney.*
 How much unlock'd for is this expedition! *Shakespeare.*
 God, I pray him
 That none of you may live your natural age,
 But by some unlock'd accident cut off. *Shakespeare.*
 Whatsoever

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Whatsoever is new is unlook'd for; and ever it mends some,
 and pares others. *Bacon.*
 From that high hope, to what relapse
 Unlook'd for are we fall'n. *Paradise Regain'd.*
 Your affairs I have recommended to the heart, but with un-
 look'd success. *Denham.*
 Nor fame I slight, nor for her favours call;
 She comes unlook'd for, if she comes at all. *Pope.*
 UNLOOKABLE. *adj.* [A word rarely used.] Not to be looked.
 Whatever may be said of the unlookable mobility of atoms,
 yet divers parts of matter may compose bodies, that need no
 cement to unite them, than the juxta-position, and
 setting together of their parts, whereby the air, and other
 fluids that might dissipate them, are excluded. *Boyle.*
 To UNLOOK. *v. a.* To loose. A word perhaps barbarous
 and ungrammatical, the particle prefixed implying negation;
 so that to unlook, is properly to bind.
 York, unless your long imprison'd thoughts,
 And let thy tongue be equal with thy heart. *Shakespeare.*
 The weak, wanton Cupid,
 Shall from your neck unlook his am'rous fold;
 And, like a dew-drop from the lion's mane,
 Be shook to air. *Shakespeare, Troilus and Cressida.*
 Turn him to any cause of policy;
 The gordian knot of it he will unlook, *Shakespeare, Ham. V.*
 Familiar as his garter.
 It settled in you,
 To unlook this tied-up justice, when you pleas'd. *Shakespeare.*
 The latchet of his shoes I am not worthy to stoop down
 and unlook. *Mark i. 7.*
 He that should spend all his time in tying inextricable
 knots, only to baffle the industry of those that should attempt
 to unlook them, would be thought not much to have served
 his generation. *Decay of Piety.*
 To UNLOOSE. *v. n.* To fall in pieces; to lose all union and
 connexion.
 Without this virtue, the publick union must unlook; the
 strength decay; and the pleasure grow faint. *Collier.*
 UNLOVED. *adj.* Not loved.
 As love does not always reflect itself, Zelma, though
 reason there was to love Palladius, yet could not ever pervade
 her heart to yield with that pain to Palladius, as they feel,
 that feel unloved love. *Sidney, b. ii.*
 What though I be not fortunate;
 But miserable most to love unloved!
 He was generally unloved, as a proud and supercilious
 person. *Clarendon, b. viii.*
 UNLOVELINESS. *n. f.* Unamiableness; inability to create love.
 The old man, growing only in age and affection, follow-
 ed his suit with all means of unloveliness, large prom-
 ises, and each thing else that might help to countervail his
 own unloveliness. *Sidney, b. ii.*
 UNLOVELY. *adj.* That cannot excite love. There seems by
 this word generally more intended than barely negation. See
 UNLOVELINESS.
 UNLOVING. *adj.* Unkind; not fond.
 Thou, blest with a goodly son,
 Didst yield content to disinherit him;
 Which argu'd thee a most unloving father. *Shakespeare.*
 UNLUCKILY. *adv.* Unfortunately; by ill luck.
 Things have fallen out so unluckily,
 That we have had no time to move our daughter. *Shakespeare.*
 An ant dropt unluckily into the water. *L'Estrange.*
 A fox unluckily crossing the road, drew off a considerable
 detachment. *Addison's Freeholders, N° 3.*
 UNLUCKY. *adj.*
 1. Unfortunate; producing unhappiness. This word is gene-
 rally used of accidents slightly vexatious.
 You may make an experiment often, without meeting with
 any of those unlucky accidents which make such experiments
 mischance. *Boyle.*
 2. Unhappy; miserable; subject to frequent misfortunes.
 Then shall I you recount a rueful case,
 Said he; the which with this unluckiness
 I late beheld. *Fairy Queen, b. i.*
 3. Slightly mischievous; mischievously waggish.
 His friendship is counterfeit, seldom to trust;
 His doings unlikes, and ever unjust. *Tupper.*
 Why, cries an unlucky wag, a less bag might have
 served. *L'Estrange.*
 A lad, th' unluckiest of his crew,
 Was still contriving something bad, but new. *King.*
 4. Ill-omen'd; inauspicious.
 When I appear, see you avoid the place,
 And haunt me not with that unluckiness. *Dryden.*
 UNLUSTRIOUS. *adj.* Wanting splendour; wanting lustre.
 Should I join grapes with hands
 Made hard with hourly fallhood, as with labour;
 Then glad myself with peeping in an eye,
 Safe and unglorious as the smoaky light
 That's fed with flinking tallow. *Shakespeare.*

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To UNLU'VE. *v. a.* To separate vessels closed with chymical
 cement.
 Our antimony thus handled, affordeth us an ounce of sul-
 phur, of so sulphureous a finell, that upon the unlu'ving the
 vessels, it infected the room with a scarce supportable
 stink. *Boyle.*
 UNMA'DE. *adj.*
 1. Not yet formed; not created.
 Thou wast begot in Demogorgon's hall,
 And saw'st the secrets of the world unmade. *Fairy Queen.*
 Then might'st thou tear thy hair,
 And fall upon the ground as I do now;
 Taking the measure of an unmade grave. *Shakespeare.*
 2. Deprived of form or qualities.
 The first earth was perfectly unmade again, taken all to
 pieces, and framed a-new. *Woodward's Nat. Hist.*
 3. Omitted to be made.
 You may the world of more defects upbraid,
 That other works by nature are unmade;
 That the did never at her own expence
 A palace rear. *Blackmore.*
 UNMA'IMED. *adj.* Not deprived of any essential part.
 An interpreter should give his author entire and unmaimed;
 the diction and the verification only are his proper pro-
 vince. *Pope's Preface to the Iliad.*
 UNMA'KABLE. *adj.* Not possible to be made.
 If the principles of bodies are unalterable, they are also
 unmakeable by any but a divine power. *Grew's Cosmology.*
 To UNMAKE. *v. a.* To deprive of former qualities before
 possessed. To deprive of form or being.
 They've made themselves, and their fitness now
 Does unmake you. *Shakespeare, Macbeth.*
 God does not make or unmake things, to try experi-
 ments. *Burnet's Theory of the Earth.*
 Empire! thou poor and despicable thing,
 When such as these make, or unmake a king. *Dryden.*
 Bring this guide of the light within to the trial. God,
 when he makes the prophet, does not unmake the man. *Locke.*
 To UNMA'N. *v. a.*
 1. To deprive of the constituent qualities of a human being, as
 reason.
 What, quite unmann'd in folly? *Shakespeare, Macbeth.*
 Gross errors unman, and strip them of the very principles of
 reason, and sober discourse. *South's Sermons.*
 2. To emaculate.
 3. To break into irresolution; to deject.
 Her clamours pierce the Trojans ears,
 Unman their courage, and augment their fears. *Dryden.*
 Ulysses veil'd his pensive head;
 Again unmann'd, a shower of sorrows shed. *Pope.*
 UNMA'NAGEABLE. *adj.*
 1. Not manageable; not easily governed.
 They'll judge every thing by models of their own, and
 thus are rendered unmanageable by any authority but that of
 absolute dominion. *Glavinville.*
 None can be concluded unmanageable by the milder me-
 thods of government, till they have been thoroughly tried
 upon him; and if they will not prevail, we make no excuses
 for the obstinate. *Locke.*
 2. Not easily wielded.
 UNMA'NAGED. *adj.*
 1. Not broken by horsemanship.
 Like colts, or unmanaged horses, we start at dead bones
 and lifeless blocks. *Taylor's Rule of Living Holy.*
 2. Not tutored; not educated.
 Savage princes flath out sometimes into an irregular greatness
 of thought, and betray, in their actions, an unguided force,
 and unmanaged virtue. *Felton on the Cliffs.*
 UNMANLY. *adj.*
 1. Unbecoming a human being.
 It is strange to see the unmanly cruelty of mankind, who,
 not content with their tyrannous ambition, to have brought
 the others virtuous patience under them, think their master-
 hood nothing, without doing injury to them. *Sidney.*
 Where the act is unmanly, or the expectation contradictory
 to the attributes of God, our hopes we ought never to en-
 tertain. *Collier against Despair.*
 2. Unfuitable to a man; effeminate.
 By the greatness of the cry, it was the voice of man;
 though it were a very unmanly voice, so to cry. *Sidney.*
 New customs,
 Though never so ridiculous,
 Nays, let them be unmanly, yet are follow'd. *Shakespeare.*
 This is in thee a nature but affected;
 A poor unmanly melancholy, sprung
 From change of fortune. *Shakespeare, Timon of Athens.*
 My servitude, ignoble,
 Unmanly, ignominious, infamous. *Milton's Agonistes.*
 Think not thy friend can ever feel the soft
 Unmanly warmth, and tenderness of love. *Addison.*
 Unmanly